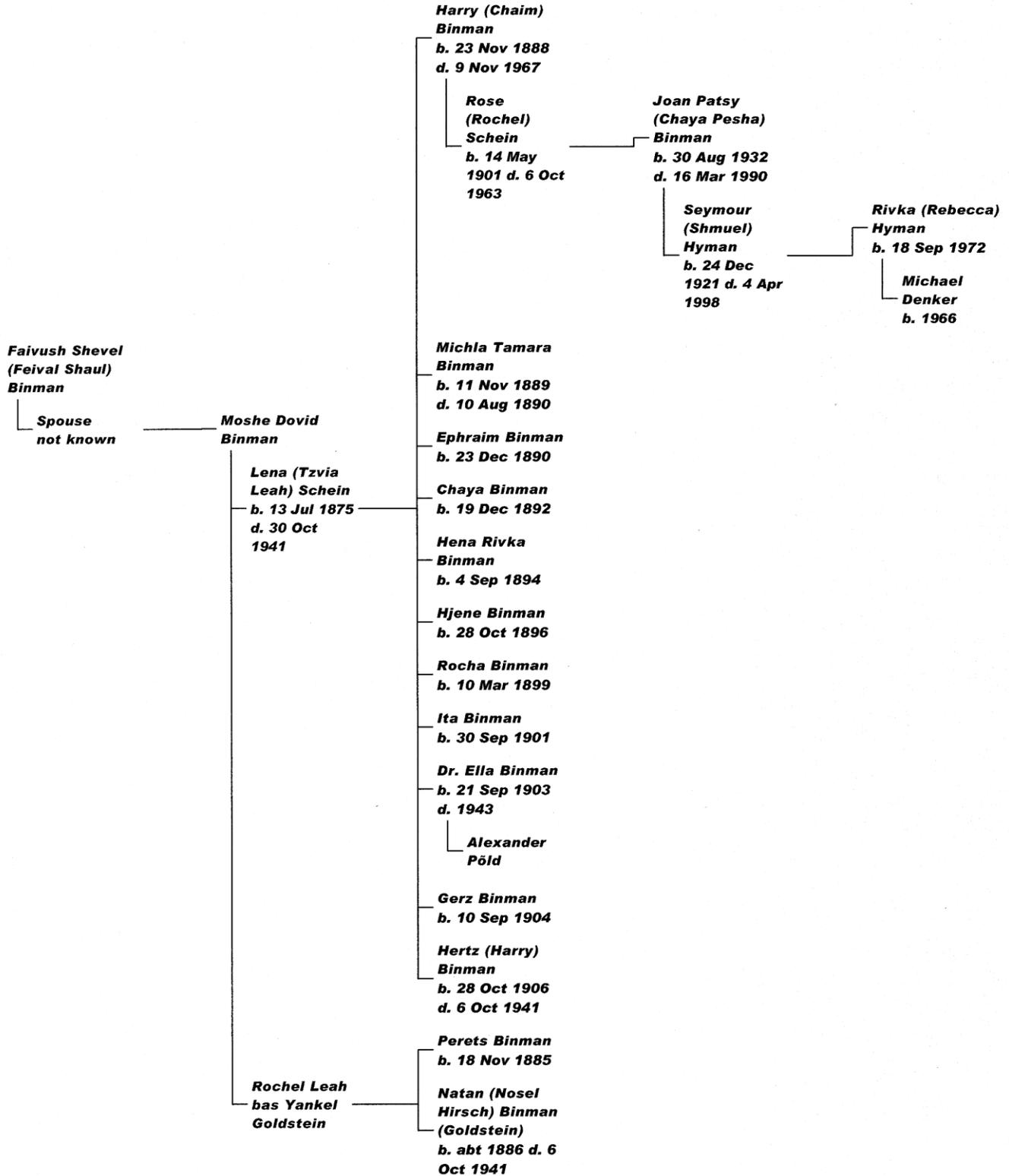


OUR BINMAN FAMILY



HARRY AND ROSE BINMAN

CHILDREN AND DESCENDANTS OF FAIVUSH SHAVEL BINMAN



SIBLINGS OF HARRY BINMAN

There were 13 Binman siblings:

NAME	BIRTH YEAR	MOTHER'S MAIDEN NAME
Perets	1885	Rochel Lea ben Jankel Goldstein
Nosel	About 1886	Rochel Lea ben Jankel Goldstein
Harry (our family)	1888	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Michla Tamara	1889	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Efraim	1890	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Chaya	1892	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Chana Rivka	1894	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Hjena	1896	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Rochel	1899	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Ita	1901	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Ella	1903	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Gerz	1904	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein
Harri (Herz Moshe)	1906	Lena (Tzvia Leah) Schein

From Riga Rabbinat Birth Records in Latvian State Historical Archives, as extracted to Estonian Jewry Archive at http://eja.pri.ee/stories_en.html by Mark Rybak in 2011. All the Binman siblings were born in Pärnu. Their father is listed on these records as Movscha Faivusov Schavelev [Russian for Moshe son of Faivusov Shevel; Hebrew would be Moshe ben Feival Shaul.]

Eduard Schein in Tallinn, Estonia wrote me: *“Moses David Binman had a wife. I don’t know her given name. Her maiden surname was Goldstein or Golstein. Shortly after Natan (Nosel) was born, his mother died while still in the hospital. His father, Moses David Binman, in her memory used Natan’s mother family surname on his official Czarist Russian birth record. Moses David was a rich man and Schein family allowed Tzvia Lea Schein to marry Moses. She was 12 years old [sic] and Moses needed a babysitter for Natan. By Hebrew Law a girl can get married 12 years old.”*

Lena (Tzvia Lea) Schein Binman was the daughter of Yechiel Mendel and Rosa Kantor Schein. The Estonian Jewish website states she was born in 1875. But our family member Harry (Chaim) Binman of St. Paul official 1967 death certificates states his mother’s maiden name was *Kantor* not *Schein*. *This Minnesota record is incorrect!*

Until I heard from Eduard and saw Mark Rybak’s Internet postings, I wondered was Lena Binman’s 1875 birth year correct? She would be very, very young to have been Harry Binman’s mother.

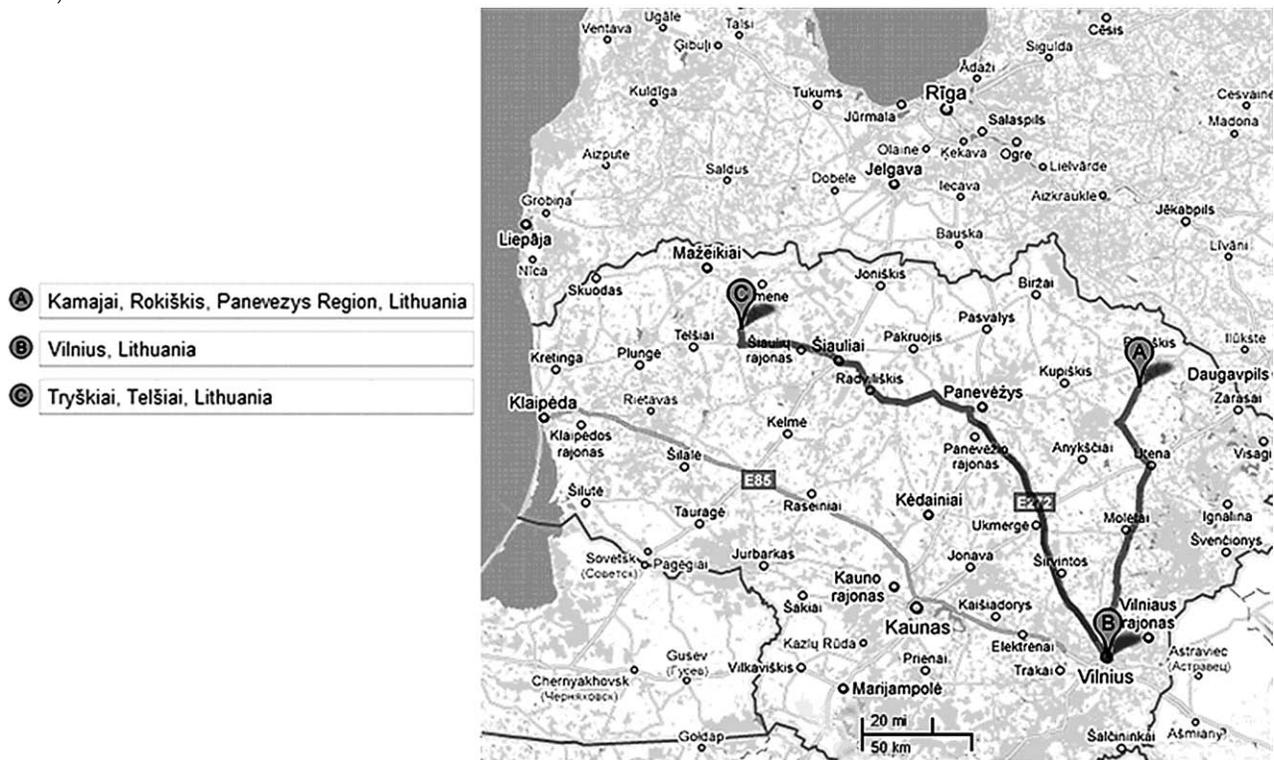
PERETS BINMAN

There is a birth record for a Perets Binman born November 18, 1885 in Pärnu: Father - Moshe son of Faivush Shavel, *meshanin of Koshansk*. **Perets Binman's father** Moshe was a *Koshanski meshanin*. **Perets Binman's grandfather** Naftali Herz Schein, Tzvia Leah Schein **Binman's father, was a meshanin of Trishki**. Czarist Russian Empire records for *Men Avoiding the Draft*, published in Kaunas (Kovno) Lithuania, show in one record dated January 16, 1907 for a Perets ben Moshe Binman and another record dated December 25, 1908 for a Chaim Gersh ben Moshe Binman. Were these entries for Harry Binman and his older brother Perets? Is Kamajai the same town as Koshansk?

Name:	Perets Binman
Father:	Movsha
Record Date:	January 16, 1907
Town:	Kamajai
Uyezd (Region):	Zarasai
Gubernia (District):	Kaunas (Kovno)
Type of Record:	Men Avoiding Conscription
Archive/Fond/Inventory/File#:	Kaunas Riga Archive/1-2/1/84
Record #:	93
Page #:	93

Name:	Chaim Gersh Binman
Father:	Movsha
Record Date:	December 25, 1908
Town:	Kamajai
Uyezd (Region):	Zarasai
Gubernia (District):	Kaunas (Kovno)
Type of Record:	Men Avoiding Conscription
Archive/Fond/Inventory/File#:	Kaunas Riga Archive /1-2/1/84
Record #:	290
Page #:	288

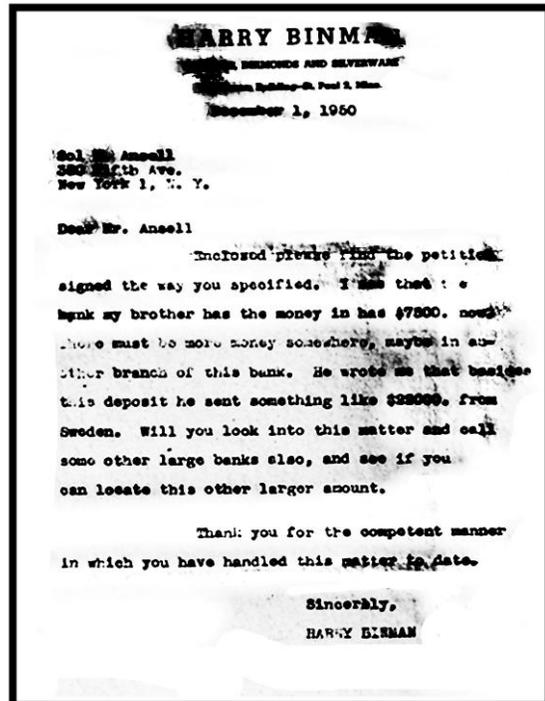
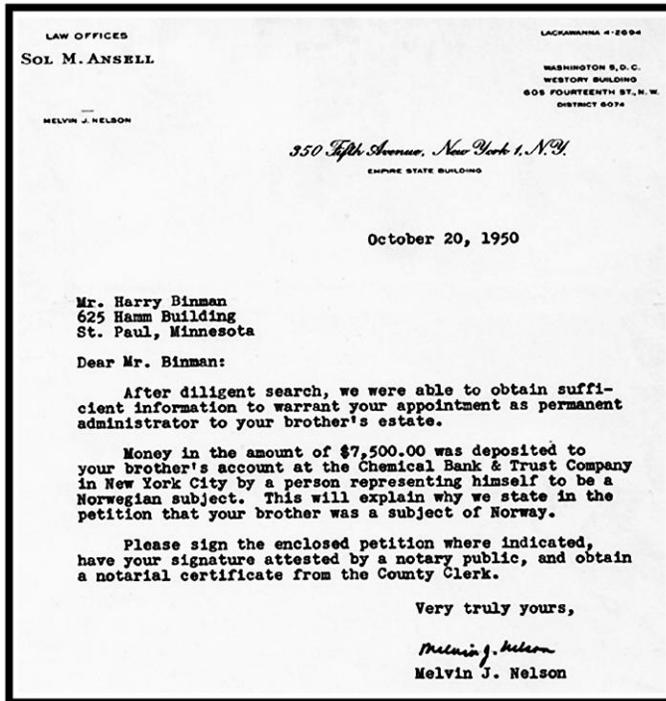
Note that according to this record, Harry Binman had a double Hebrew name - *Chaim Gersh*. This may explain why he sometimes signed his name *Harry Herman Binman*. (In Russian the letter *G* is used instead of *H*. There is no H letter in Russian.)



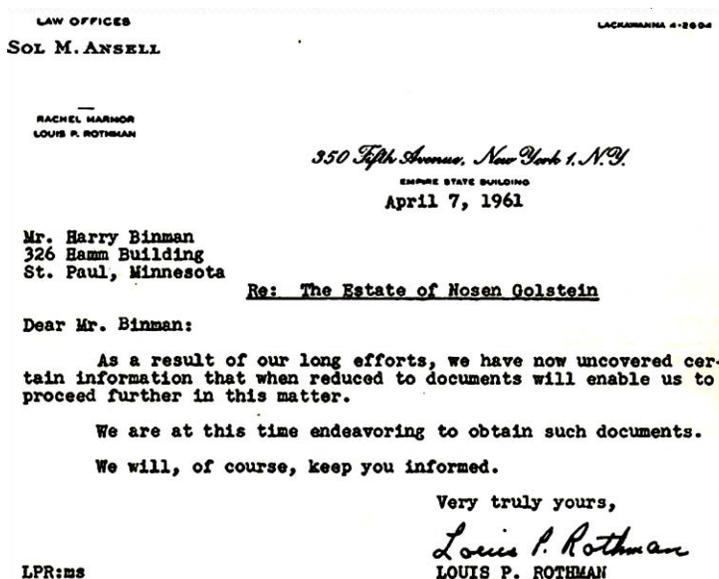
NOSEL (NATAN) GOLSTEIN

For many years after WW2, Harry Binman tried to find about the fate of his siblings in Estonia. One of the missing was his half-brother Natan Binman also known as Nosel Golstein.

October 20, 1950 Harry received an unsolicited letter from the law offices of Sol M. Ansell in New York City. December 1, 1950 he replied adding information and submitting the petition as per Ansell's instructions.



Correspondence continued for years. Then in 1961 and again in 1966 things moved toward closure:



Rose Binman's sister Nanny's husband, their cousin Hertsel son of Moshe Schein, who had traveled alone from the Soviet Union to attend Rose Binman's October 6, 1963 funeral in St. Paul.

He later came back to the United States January 6, 1966 to give a legal deposition in New York City: "I HERTSEL SHEIN, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he resides at 3 Tatari, Apartment 3A, Tallinn U.S.S.R. and was born on September 14, 1904, in Volk [Volk old German name for Valga] Estonia. That I knew my cousin, Nosel Golstein, since 1915. That the said Nosel Golstein lived in Volk, Estonia, in 1915, but at that time the said Nosel Golstein was known by the name of Nosel Binman, which was his birth name. In 1916, Nosel Binman went to Russia to live and sought to return to Estonia after the Russian Revolution in 1918. In order to return to Estonia, the said Nosel Binman was compelled to change his name to Nosel Golstein in order to regain admission to Estonia. At that time, in 1918, I again became

reacquainted with the said Nosel Golstein and knew him and saw him until June of 1941 in Tallinn, Estonia, where we both lived. When the Nazis invaded Estonia in 1941, the said Nosel Golstein was placed in a concentration camp called Kloger, ten miles outside of Tallinn, where he was killed on September 19th, 1941. The Nazis kept archives of all persons that were killed in the concentration camp which archives were published by the Russians when they entered Estonia in 1944. The said Nosel Golstein, at the time of his death, was married to Rahil [Rachel?] Golstein [Goldstein], who also was killed with her husband.

There were no children of the marriage. To my knowledge; there are no living relatives of the said Nosel Golstein, except Mr. Harry Binman, who lives at 1761 Summit Avenue, St. Paul, Minnesota, and who is the said Nosel Golstein's brother. I obtained in Russia, from the government archives in Tallinn, Estonia, a document which sets forth the fact that the said Nosel Golstein was in fact killed by the Germans on September 19, 1941."

Sworn to before me this
 6th day of January, 1966.
 Melvin J. Nelson
 MELVIN J. NELSON
 Notary Public, State of New York

Herbert Sheyn
 HERTSEL SHEIN
 Herbert Sheyn

Harry received an official Soviet Union record that his brother Natan was killed in 1941:

Eesti NSV Ministrite Nõukogu juures asuv ARHIIVIDE VALITSUS Oktoobrirevolutsiooni ja Sotsialistliku Ülesehituse Riiklik Keskarchiiv TALLINN, TOOMPEA LOSS	АРХИВНОЕ УПРАВЛЕНИЕ при Совете Министров Эстонской ССР Центральный государственный архив Октябрьской революции и социалистического строительства ТАЛЛИН, ДВОРЕЦ ТООМПЕА
Тел. 423-52	
№ <u>G-30</u>	. <u>23</u> . märts . 196 <u>4</u> a./r.
Kod. <u>G o l s t e i n</u> , <u>Hozel</u> - Tallinn, <u>Tatari 3-3a</u> .	
ARHIIVITEATIS АРХИВНАЯ СПРАВКА	
ENSV Oktoobrirevolutsiooni ja Sotsialistliku Ülesehituse Riiklikus Keskarchiivis säilitatud doku- mentaalsete materjalide andmeil:	
<u>G o l s t e i n</u> , <u>Nosel</u> <u>Hirsi p.</u> , - oli saksa okupatsiooni ajal eksekuteeritud 19.sept. 1941.a.kui juut.	
ENSV Oktrev. Rkl. Keskarchiivi ülem (K. Ingerman) <i>Ingerman</i> Teatiste laua juhataja (H. Soomets) <i>Soomets</i>	

OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT NOTICE NOSEL KILLED SEPTEMBER 19, 1941

No money was ever received.

MORE SIBLING RECORDS FROM RIGA ARCHIVES

№		Число и месяц рождения и образования.		Год рождения.	Сторона отца, мать.	Кто родился и кому.	Имя отцовское, материнское, фамилия.		Имя отцовское, материнское, фамилия.	
312	24-го 7	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	1870	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна
313	12-го 17	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	1870	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна
314	28-го 4	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	1870	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна
315	24-го 4	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	1870	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна
316	2-го 9	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	1870	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна	Внучка: Анна

HJENA BINMAN BORN IN PÄRNU OCTOBER 28, 1896 (line 314)

This is the earliest record I have found that explicitly states Tzvia Leah Schein Binman was married to Moshe Dovid Binman, **Harry Binman's father** Movsha [transliteration from Russian for Moshe] Shevelev [Russian format meaning Movsha was Shevel's son]. The record also states that Binman was a *meshanin of Koshanski*.

№		Часть 1. - О родившихся.		№		Часть 2. - О родившихся.	
Кто сообщил	Число вхождений в акты	Где родились	Состояние отца, матери, отца и матери.	Кто родился в семье отца, или матери.	№	Число вхождений в акты	Кто родился в семье
Кто сообщил	Число вхождений в акты	Где родились	Состояние отца, матери, отца и матери.	Кто родился в семье	№	Число вхождений в акты	Кто родился в семье
М. М. М. М.	29	Вильянди	Вдова	Мать	10	29	Мать
М. М. М. М.	13	М. М. М. М.	Мать	Мать	10	13	Мать
М. М. М. М.	11	М. М. М. М.	Мать	Мать	10	11	Мать
М. М. М. М.	11	М. М. М. М.	Мать	Мать	10	11	Мать
М. М. М. М.	26	М. М. М. М.	Мать	Мать	10	26	Мать

ROCHA BINMAN BORN IN PÄRNU MARCH 10, 1899 (line 398)

Часть I. - О родившихся.		Число и место рождения		Где родился		Состояние отца, матери, отца и матери.		Его родители и место его, для отца, для матери.	
№	Его фамилия, имя и отчество.	Число и место рождения.	Где родился.	Пол.	Состояние отца, матери, отца и матери.	Его родители и место его, для отца, для матери.	Число и место рождения		Число и место рождения
							Число	Место	
461	Иванов	18	Иванов	м	Видный воеводский уездный город, в уезде Видном, в уезде Видном	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов
462	Иванов	18	Иванов	м	Видный воеводский уездный город, в уезде Видном, в уезде Видном	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов
463	Иванов	18	Иванов	м	Видный воеводский уездный город, в уезде Видном, в уезде Видном	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов
464	Иванов	18	Иванов	м	Видный воеводский уездный город, в уезде Видном, в уезде Видном	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов
465	Иванов	18	Иванов	м	Видный воеводский уездный город, в уезде Видном, в уезде Видном	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов	Иванов

ITA BINMAN BORN IN PÄRNU SEPTEMBER 30, 1901 (line 463)



1922 HARRY BINMAN WITH HIS TWO YOUNGEST SIBLINGS

DR. ELLA BINMAN PÖLD BORN 1903

HARRI (HERZ MOSHE) born 1906

Ella and Harri were both murdered in WW2.

HARRY BINMAN'S ARRIVAL ON THE SS CELTIC

Form 500-2
Department of Commerce and Labor
IMMIGRATION SERVICE

SALOON, CABIN, AND STEERAGE ALIENS MUST BE COMPLETELY MANIFESTED.

LIST OR MANIFEST OF ALIEN PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED STATES

Required by the regulations of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor of the United States, under Act of Congress approved February 20, 1907, to be delivered

S. S. *Celtic* sailing from *Liverpool*, Dec. 4th, 1908

No. on List	NAME IN FULL		Age	Sex	Married or Single	*Calling or Occupation	Able to		Nationality (Country of which citizen or subject)	Race or People	Last Permanent Residence		The name and complete address of nearest relative or friend in country whence alien came	Final Destination	
	Family Name	Given Name					Yrs. Mos.	Read			Write	Country		City or Town	State
15	do	Werner	19	M	single	farmer			do	do	do	do	do	do	do
16	556	Harsson	Leib	31	M	farmer			do	Hebrew	do	Riga	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
17	556	Shanovsky	Paul	32	M	farmer			do	Lithuanian	do	Pabunsk	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
18	556	Bienemann	Harri	32	M	watchmaker			do	Hebrew	do	Dvinsk	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
19	556	Shanovsky	Lambert	33	M	farmer			do	Hebrew	do	Dvinsk	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
20	556	Shanovsky	Shanovsky	33	M	farmer			do	do	do	Dvinsk	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
21	556	Shanovsky	Peter	32	M	farmer			do	Lithuanian	do	Liban	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
22	do	do	blayman	31	M	farmer			do	do	do	do	do	do	do
23	do	do	Anna	3	F	child			do	do	do	do	do	do	do
24	do	do	Peter	3	M	child			do	do	do	do	do	do	do
25	do	do	Adelle	16	F	child			do	do	do	do	do	do	do
26	556	Dankus	Wladimir	31	M	farmer			do	do	do	Liban	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
27	556	Glastonby	Selie	32	M	farmer			do	do	do	Panama	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
28	556	Kawonka	Edward	31	M	farmer			do	Hebrew	do	Dvinsk	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
29	do	do	Abraham	3	M	child			do	do	do	do	do	do	do
30	do	do	Roch	3	M	child			do	do	do	do	do	do	do

the passengers from Russia, 46 in number, detained in Liverpool five days under medical supervision, and 22 packages of effects disinfected

AMERICAN CONSUL

John D. Hoff

21/26/08

The stamp at the lower left of the passenger list page signed by the American Consul states "All the passengers from Russia, 46 in number, detained in Liverpool 5 days under medical supervision, and 22 packages of effects were disinfected." The SS Celtic left from Liverpool December 4, 1908 and arrived in New York City December 14, 1908.

FROM PASSENGER LIST ABOVE

32	556	Bienemann	Harri	32	M	watchmaker			do	Hebrew	do	Dvinsk	Uncle Mendel Schein, 11 Schiff Strasse, Riga, Latvia	NY	New York
----	-----	-----------	-------	----	---	------------	--	--	----	--------	----	--------	--	----	----------

Line 18 of passenger list for Harri Bienemann [sic], watchmaker (column 8), last residence Dvinsk [Daugavpils], Latvia (column 10), leaving his uncle Mendel Schein living at 11 Schiff Strasse Riga, (column 11). Mendel Schein was Rose Binman's father!

HARRY BINMAN NATURALIZATION PAPER

422

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
NATURALIZATION SERVICE

ORIGINAL

No. 16916

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DECLARATION OF INTENTION

Invalid for all purposes seven years after the date hereof

STATE OF MINNESOTA } In the DISTRICT Court
COUNTY OF HENNEPIN } of FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
SS: [Signature]

I, Harry Binman, aged 29 years,
occupation watch-maker, do declare on oath that my personal
description is: Color white, complexion dark, height 5 feet 6 inches,
weight 135 pounds, color of hair dark, color of eyes brown
other visible distinctive marks none.

I was born in Perran Russia
on the 23rd day of November, anno Domini 1888; I now reside
at 1018 - Knox Ave No. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
(Give number, street, city or town and State)

I emigrated to the United States of America from Riga Russia
on the vessel Celtic; my last
(If the alien arrived otherwise than by vessel, the character of conveyance or name of transportation company should be given)
foreign residence was Russia; I am Not married; the name
of my wife is —; she was born at —
and now resides at —.

It is my bona fide intention to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign
prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, and particularly to The Present
Government of Russia, of whom I am now a subject;

I arrived at the port of New York in the
State of New York, on or about the 14th day
of December, anno Domini 1908; I am not an anarchist; I am not a
polygamist nor a believer in the practice of polygamy; and it is my intention in good faith
to become a citizen of the United States of America and to permanently reside therein:
SO HELP ME GOD.

Harry Binman
(Original signature of declarant)
Subscribed and sworn to before me in the office of the Clerk of
said Court this 14th day of December, anno Domini 1918

[SEAL]

[Signature]
Clerk of the District Court.

HARRY BINMAN IN WORLD WAR ONE



THE NEW RECRUIT

In April 1917, President Woodrow Wilson called Americans to arms "to make the world safe for democracy." But the United States was woefully unprepared for war. The first soldiers of the American Expeditionary Force did reach France in June, but it would be almost a year before their numbers reached the point where they could make a really significant impact on Allied operations. Eventually, more than one million American fighting men would bolster the Allied cause along the Western Front.

According to the handwritten annotation on his *Draft Registration Card*, Harry entered military service at Camp Dodge, Iowa April 28, 1918. The 88th Infantry Division had been training at Camp Dodge since September 1917, finally departing for France in late summer 1918. As they were trained, many soldiers were transferred from the 88th to other units, as Harry seems to have been.

Harry Binman's residence at the time was listed as New Hampton, Iowa explaining why he was drafted in Iowa. New Hampton, Iowa was the home of his Uncle Harry Feine. In the next section of this book, are several records about Harry Binman's uncle, Harry Feine. Previously when Harry Binman arrived in the United States, he went directly to his uncle Harry Feine living in New Hampton, Iowa. Harry's occupation is listed as a *self-employed junk dealer* - the same occupation as his uncle. Note also Harry Binman's birthplace, was still called by its German name Pernau, in the Czarist Russian district of Livland (Estonia). Harry Binman states his widowed mother and brother (both in Estonia) depended on him for their sole support. His brother Herz Moshe born in 1906 and was under 12 at the time. Under the WW1 draft law he could be listed as a *dependent*.

Harry was assigned to Company H, 143rd Infantry Regiment. He served overseas from August 3, 1918 to June 1, 1919. He had no wounds or injuries and was not disabled on discharge. The 143rd Infantry was a component of the 72nd Infantry Brigade which was a component of the 36th Infantry Division. The 36th was a Texas National Guard Division, known as the *Alamo Division*. Harry's grandson Barry recalls being told, "Two close buddies were ranchers from Texas who invited Grandpa to be a partner after the war, but I guess he liked being in the North better and refused."

In WW1, the Alamo Division suffered 2,584 casualties consisting of 466 killed in action, and 2,118 wounded in action. At first all of the men in the Division were from Texas and Oklahoma. Later the Division was filled up with men from other states, a



IN FRANCE

large number coming from Camp Dodge, Iowa. Camp Dodge was built in 1907, with its largest expansion for WW1. Camp Dodge was named in honor of Major General Grenville M. Dodge, who commanded Iowa volunteers during the Civil War. From August 1917 to July 1918, Camp Dodge served as the training camp for 88th Army Division. Today Camp Dodge is still the state's only military training installation.

The 143rd Infantry Regiment arrived in France as part of the 36th Infantry Division during the early summer of 1918. The 143rd Infantry Regiment was first stationed at Bar-sur-Aube for training eight hours a day before it could take its place on the front lines. On September 26, 1917, it was shipped by rail to an area between Epernay and Chalons-sur-Marne, where it was the reserve to the French group of Armies of the Center.

The 36th Infantry Division was transferred on October 3rd to the Fourth French Army area where the American Second Infantry Division was already serving. The 143rd Infantry was first placed in the line on October 10th, by relieving an infantry regiment of the Second Infantry Division. With the Second Infantry Division Artillery supporting, the 143rd Infantry received its baptism of fire in an attack about 6 PM on October 10th, when they attacked near St. Etienne. The 143rd Infantry Regiment attacked in the direction of Machault and Cauray with success. The next day the enemy began his retreat to the north in the direction of Dricourt and Attigny. The 143rd Infantry Regiment, as part of the 72nd Infantry Brigade, took up the pursuit and lively rear guard actions followed between St. Etienne and Machault, which resulted in the encircling of the latter town and the establishment of a new firm Allied Line. The following day, October 12th, the 143rd Infantry Regiment continued its relentless attack and gained control of the northern bank of the Aisne. The 143rd Infantry Regiment maintained strong contact with the enemy until it was relieved by other Allied forces about October 28th. The 143rd Infantry Regiment was assembled as a part of the 36th Infantry Division in the Suippes-Somme-Suippes area and from this point moved to the Triaucourt areas. It remained here as a unit of the First American Army until the signing of the Armistice November 11, 1918 as part of the *Army of Occupation*.

Shortly after conclusion of hostilities, the 143rd Infantry Regiment moved to Tonnerre (in north-central France) and remained there until April 26, 1919, when it started embarking at Brest (a port in north-western France) for return to the United States. The 143rd Infantry Regiment had spent 23 days in action, none of them in quiet sectors. The 143rd Infantry Regiment, as part of the 36th Infantry Division, is also credited with the freeing of Rheims.

The 143rd Infantry Regiment was demobilized at Camp Bowie, Texas, on the 13th and 14th of June 1919.

	Binman	Harry H.	2,853,068	White	1½
	(Surname)	(Christian name)	(Army serial number)	(Race: White or colored)	
Residence:	150 Jefferson	New Hampton	Chickasaw	IOWA	
	(Street and house number)	(Town or city)	(County)	(State)	
*Enlisted in	Inducted New Hampton, Iowa.			Apr 27/18	
†Born in	Russia			29 5/12 yrs	—
Organizations:	Co I 352 Inf to May 16/18; Co D 360 Inf to June 6/18; 43 Co 11 Bn 165 Dep Brig to July 14/18; Co H 143 Inf to disch.				
Grades:	Mec Oct 24/18				—
Engagements:	Champagne-Marne; Meuse-Argonne				—
Wounds or other injuries received in action: None.					
‡Served overseas:	Aug 3/18 to June 1/19				—
§Hon. disch.	June 12/19 on demobilization				—
Was reported	0 per cent disabled on date of discharge, in view of occupation.				—
Remarks:					

Form No. 724-1½, A. G. O.
March 12, 1920.
3-7688

*Insert "R. A.", "N. G.", "E. R. C.", "N. A.", as case may be, followed by place and date of enlistment. †Give place of birth and date of birth, or age at enlistment. ‡Give dates of departure from and arrival in the United States. §Give date.

HARRY BINMAN WW1 SERVICE RECORD

DESCRIPTION OF APPLICANT.

Age: 31 years. Mouth: Roman
 Stature: 5 feet 6 inches, Eng. Chin: Roman
 Forehead: High Hair: Dark
 Eyes: Brown Complexion: Light
 Nose: Roman Face: Irregular
 Distinguishing marks: but marks on left side of nose

IDENTIFICATION.

St. Cloud, Minn. May 26, 1920

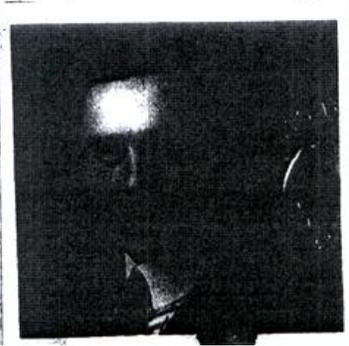
I, Bernard A. Bachman, solemnly swear that I am a native citizen of the United States; that I reside at St. Cloud, Minn.; that I have known the above-named Harry Herman Binman personally for one years and know him to be the identical person referred to in the within-described certificate of naturalization; and that the facts stated in his affidavit are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Bernard A. Bachman
 Jeweler
 522 Sherman St. St. Cloud
 (Address of witness.)

Sworn to before me this 26 day
 of May, 1920
 [SEAL.] John D. ...
Deputy Commissioner of Minnesota

Applicant desires passport to be sent to the following address:
522 Sherman St.
St. Cloud, Minnesota

A signed duplicate of the photograph to be attached hereto must be sent to the Department with the application, to be affixed to the passport with an impression of the Department's seal.



According to this May 26, 1920 passport application, Harry Binman's father was Morris Binman born in Pernau, Estonia. Harry was naturalized in the District Court of Hennepin County, Minneapolis, Minnesota July 25, 1920. This was his first passport application. His intended itinerary was Britain, Sweden and Estonia. He planned to leave New York City August 1920 on the *SS Olympia*. His occupation was *watchmaker*. (According to family anecdotes, Harry had been sent by his parents to Sweden where he learned watch making.) Immediately after his discharge from the army in 1919, Harry started activities that would enable him to start his own jewelry business - he went to work for an established local area jeweler. His passport application was supported by his employer Bernard A. Bachman, a jeweler in St. Cloud, Minnesota northwest of Minneapolis. Bachman stated he personally knew Harry *one year*. Harry wanted his passport to be mailed to Bachman's store address. Harry's physical description said 5 foot 6 inches tall, high forehead with a *Roman* nose.

HARRY BINMAN'S SECOND PASSPORT APPLICATION APRIL 1922

Binman
DUPLICATE.
(Edition of 1914.)
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
PASS PORT
 JUN 1 1922
 No. **182601**
WASHINGTON
 (FORM FOR NATURALIZED CITIZENS)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

STATE OF Minnesota
 COUNTY OF Stearns
 I, Harry Herman Binman, a NATURALIZED AND LOYAL CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, hereby apply to the Department of State, at Washington, for a passport

for myself
 I solemnly swear that I was born at Ternau, Russia on or about the 23rd day of November that I emigrated to the United States, sailing on board of the Celtic from Riga, Russia about Nov 15th, 1908 that I resided 14 years, uninterruptedly, in the United States, from 1908 to 1922 at St. Cloud & Minneapolis, Minn. that I was naturalized as citizen of the United States before the District Court of Stearns at Minneapolis, Minn. on Feb 26th as shown by the accompanying Certificate of Naturalization; that I am the IDENTICAL PERSON described in said Certificate; that I am domiciled in the United States, my permanent residence being at St. Cloud in the State of Minnesota where I am the occupation of Watchmaker; that I am about to go abroad temporarily, and intend to return to the United States within Six [months] [years] with the purpose of residing and performing the duties of citizenship therein; and that I desire a passport for use in visiting Germany, Austria, Russia, Lithuania, Latvia for the following purpose:

I intend to leave the United States from the port of New York sailing on board the not known on June 1922

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

Further, I do solemnly swear that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; and that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion: So help me God.

Sworn to before me this 11th day of April, 1922
 of Stearns County, Minnesota
 John L. [Signature]
 Clerk of the District Court at St. Cloud, Minn.
 APR 18 1922
 11435

Justice Charles J. Bell
Not on original
Comp. H. B. Binman
UNDER SECRETARY
 JUN 23 1922
 DEPARTMENT OF STATE
with copy 48097-1/1/20
not about 6/1

In these years passports were only valid for two years. The annotation on the right side of this application indicates that Harry had turned in his passport issued in 1920 with this application as the proof he was a citizen.

DESCRIPTION OF APPLICANT.

Age: 33 years. Mouth: normal
 Stature: 5 feet, 6 inches, Eng. Chin: " "
 Forehead: normal Hair: dark
 Eyes: brown Complexion: fair
 Nose: normal Face: normal

IDENTIFICATION.

I, Bernard Bachman, solemnly swear that I am a native citizen
 of the United States; that I reside at St. Cloud Minn; that I have known
 the above-named Harry Herman Binman personally for three years and
 know him to be the identical person referred to in the within-described certificate of naturalization,
 and that the facts stated in his affidavit are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Bernard Bachman
St. Cloud, Minn.
 (Address of witness.)

Sworn to before me this 11th day

of April, 1922

[SEAL.]

John L. Dominick
 Clerk of the District Court at St. Cloud

Applicant may be communicated with at the following address:

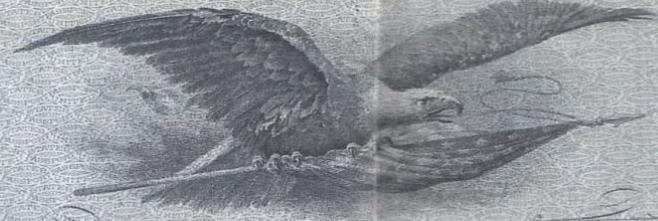
Harry Herman Binman
90 Guy Jewelry Store
St. Cloud Minn
C. C.

A duplicate of the photograph attached to the original application must be affixed in the space marked below.



According to Harry Binman's April 11, 1922 passport application, Harry was still in St. Cloud and a watchmaker. His intended itinerary was Denmark, Germany, Sweden, Latvia and Estonia. He planned to leave Boston on the *SS Pittsburgh* June 24, 1922. This time his nose was described as *normal, not roman*. Once again, his application filed 2 years after Harry's first, was supported by his employer Bernard A. Bachman in St. Cloud, who stated he personally now knew Harry three years. And Bachman's store, *Guy Jewelry store*, was again given as the address where Harry wanted his passport to be mailed.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA PASSPORT



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:
I, the undersigned, Secretary of State of the United States of America, hereby request all whom it may concern to permit
Harry Herman Binman
a citizen of the United States, safely and freely to pass and in case of need to give him all lawful Aid and Protection.

This passport is valid for use only in the following countries and for objects specified, unless amended.
British Isles, Denmark, Sweden, Germany, Estonia, Latvia, Russia
The bearer is accompanied by _____
Travel
Visit relatives
Assist relatives



Given under my hand and the seal of the Department of State at the City of Washington, the 1st day of June in the year 1922, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-sixth.

Charles E. Hughes

PERSONAL DESCRIPTION

Age 33 years Mouth normal
Height 5 ft 6 in Chin normal
Forehead normal Hair dark
Eyes brown Complexion fair
Nose normal Face round
Distinguishing marks _____
Place of birth Russia
Date of birth November 23rd, 1888



HARRY BINMAN'S 1922 PASSPORT

XENOPHOBIA

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
DIVISION OF PASSPORT CONTROL

May 26, 1922.

~~Russian Division:~~

The attached application of Harry Binman, who desires to go to Russia to assist relatives, is referred for your recommendation. Please note that there are no translations of the letters from Russia. The applicant desires the letters returned.

The above name has been cleared by U-2, Justice, and the refusal cards of this Division.

Brist

DEPARTMENT OF STATE RUSSIAN DIVISION OF PASSPORT CONTROL MEMO

The rules for obtaining passports changed all the time. The early 1920s were a period of heightened vigilance. In 1922, Harry Binman and his uncle Harry Feine were going to Estonia together. Harry Feine had immigrated to New York City from Estonia July 14, 1891. This would be the first time he was returning to Estonia since leaving as teenager. Why he left originally and where he traveled is not entirely known. He did live in Pennsylvania for a time before moving to Iowa. And why did he change his name? Perhaps he fled Estonia to avoid being drafted into the Czar's army.

Because they both were naturalized citizens, their 1922 (and Harry Binman's 1924 also) passport applications required a letter from a European relative at their destination, to be scrutinized by several State Department bureaucrats for approval before they would issue the passport. So letters and affidavits justifying the applicant's travel were required when they were planning to visit their family. People traveling for business usually did not need to submit these extra letters, unless they were going to their *homeland*. These letters were to assure these officials that the applicants were unlikely to do something illegal. United States immigration officials were concerned naturalized citizens would attempt to bring back relatives from their homeland. Many naturalized citizens knew their families would have a better life in the United States.

The *required* letter sent to Harry Feine as translated is on the next page. Fortunately it was not returned but kept on file with his application. It contains critical, valuable family information. The letter was from Harry Binman's mother, his uncle Harry Feine's sister!. It was the third page of Harry Binman's 1922 and 1924 passport applications. See the handwritten notations stated "Not on PC refusal card" and "2 letters from Russia [were] seen [and returned to Harry Binman]".

In addition to possibly illegal immigration, something else was happening in the country. Across the nation, there was growing xenophobia and suspicion of leftists, anarchists Eastern European immigrants. Provoked in part by the Bolshevik Revolution in Russia, a rash of bombings in major cities heightened tensions, linked in the minds of many to the socialist internationalism and activism that was behind the radical assault on America. It reached a crescendo - The Red Scare - in January 1920 when U.S. Attorney General Mitchell Palmer arrested some six thousand and held them without trial. The discriminatory mood soon found further expression in ever-more-restrictive immigration policies, which took aim at excluding refugees from countries suspected of carrying the contagion of radicalism. Technically the quotas were set as a percentage of each of those country's offspring already in the United States. But the baseline year was 1890 - before the great influx of Eastern Europeans, designed to reduce that immigration to a trickle. Visa laws were becoming more and more restrictive.

AFFIDAVIT

This letter to Harry Binman's uncle Harry Feine's from Feine's sister Lena Binman that was appended to Feine's passport application. It contains critical genealogical information about both Harrys, their siblings and their mother.

Apparently Lena Binman had no prior knowledge that her son was coming home to get married to her niece and his cousin Rose Schein!

LETTER (AS TRANSLATED) TO HARRY FEINE FROM HIS SISTER

Dearest Brother,

May you and your wife live. Your dear letter and your wife's present I have received. I cannot describe the extreme joy. I cannot yet imagine, that I am foreordained for such great pleasure. I have immediately sent your letter to Walk [Valga, Estonia where their brother **Sholom Jossel (Joseph)** lived.], therefore we wait all of us.

My G-d, if our dear father had lived, (to see this). But probably it is so ordained, as our dear father used to speak of you. He always said, you will come back in time, and our dear mother always said she had you in her mind. For her children she would have gone through fire, but we have lost her, so quick. But she will now beg (pray) of the All Mighty that we may live to be old.

But brother, as to where you should travel, I think to Reval [Tallinn, Estonia] you need not to go over Rotterdam. From Germany one ships directly to Reval, by ship or railroad. May G-d grant that you arrive safely. We will meet once more in this life face to face. I scarcely can remember how you look. We were both children, when we parted and now we are both old. I am gray and a grandmother. My dear brother what else shall I write? Before Easter [Passover?] I had a letter from **Heim** (her son [Harry Binman of St. Paul]) and I am glad and thank G-d that he is such a dear and good child, as G-d has rewarded me for my hardships during the time of my youth. G-d has paid me back for my sufferings in my youth as my children have grown to be good people. I believe that **Heim** is smarter than the other children. **Peretz** has visited us last Easter [Passover?]. He is a very good boy and with good habits. **Heime** [sic], is also as I imagine, according to my wishes.

Fremke (Ephraim), I do not know about him, he is in Moscow, cut off from us. But some people coming from there cannot praise him enough. From the other (children) is nothing to report. I thank G-d and think that children turn out to be like the mother's brothers. My children are more like my brothers. Say my dear brother, what shall I write? Thank G-d we are all well. My business goes a little weaker, but I do not worry, with the help of G-d I will support myself. G-d has never forsaken me. Now G-d has carried me through a great lawsuit for 2 years, (pending 2 years) it worried me greatly. This week I was acquitted. The lawsuit has cost me 70,000 Marks [About \$200 in 1922]. I got into it on account of another, whom I did not want to give away. I took it up and had to suffer alone. We were during those 2 years in the greatest of worry, but I never wrote you about it, so as not to worry you. Now, thank G-d, on April 27th I was acquitted.

Now I am glad and await my dear guests. Then we will talk it all over. I do not like it however that Heime does not keep his good position [with the St. Cloud jewelry store], but with the help of G-d he will get another (job) later. Further my dear brother, from our brothers I have nothing to report. Moses and Mendel live as usual, not rich but pulling through. Moses has houses, worth some money. From (brother) Joseph I have nothing to report. He is, thanks to G-d rich. He deals in "forests" (timber) has saw mills and other business. He is an honest man and has a good name everywhere. His boys are also smart. May the other brothers become as he. Further from my son-in-law, I have set him up in a store with a partner. I hope he will become efficient. Further news I have not, but wish, that my letters may reach you in good health and we may meet joyfully. I embrace you and your dear wife be in good health.

From me your sister,
Lena Binman
Pernau May 1, 1922

With the letter was this notarized statement: State of Iowa, County of Chickasaw: I Harry Feine, being duly sworn, as by law provided, do solemnly swear, that I am the person, who is applying for a passport to Estonia; that the letter, hereto attached, and marked exhibit A, was received by me about one week ago through the mails in the envelope, hereto attached, and marked exhibit B. I further state that the letter is written in a modified "Yiddish", with Hebrew letters, but in the German language, as spoken in Estonia, with a few Hebrew words added. That I know and can speak, read and write said language, and that said letter is in the handwriting of my sister Lena Binman, whose address is on said envelope exhibit B. That I have made the translation of said letter from "Yiddish" into English, but had it written out by another person; that I have read and know the contents of what is written in and on the forgoing 3 pages, preceding this affidavit, and state that the same is a true and correct translation onto English of the letter exhibit A. I further state, that where said translation contain words in (parentheses), these words are not exactly contained in the letter, but are put in by me for the purpose of explanation. That I have no other documents to prove the bona fides of my intention to visit Estonia.

Sworn to and subscribed before me by Harry Feine this 27th day of May 1922. Signed F. Feyerabend, Notary Public

HARRY WAS ON HIS WAY TO ESTONIA TO MARRY ROSE!

1922 STOPPING IN BERLIN ON THE WAY BACK

Newly married, Harry Binman returned to the United States without his new wife. I am unsure why she did not come to the United States immediately after her marriage. Perhaps they needed more time to finalize her situation in Estonia. Harry returned in 1924 to retrieve his wife. Reunited, they entered United States August 23, 1924. In between, in the fall of 1923, Harry Binman had traveled to Estonia to visit.

In 1922, on the way home Harry Binman and Harry Feine visited Berlin Germany with some of their Estonian relatives.



The newly married, Harry Binman stands on far left, his Iowa Uncle Harry Feine on far right. The young couple between them was **Harry Binman's first cousin Esther Schein** (1900 – 1985) and her husband **Moshe Brodovski** (1890 – 1937). They themselves were newlyweds. They had been married one year earlier, in 1921.

This photo was taken in front of the massive base of the Kaiser Wilhelm I National Monument beside the Kaiser's palace in Berlin. Built in the 1890s, it was destroyed during WW2.



The monument, topped by an equestrian statue of the first German Emperor, was built in the 1890s in front of the Berlin City Palace on the Spree River. From 1867 to 1918 more than 1000 memorials to Kaiser Wilhelm I, **Germany's first Kaiser**, were constructed. On the base was the inscription - *Wilhelm the Great, German Emperor, King of Prussia, 1861-1888 with the gratitude and faithful love of the German people*. On the monument steps were a colossal figure of **war** to the north and a colossal figure of **peace** to the south. On the corners were four lion **guards**. Here they are standing in front of the figure of war.

THE RETURN FROM EUROPE NOVEMBER 1922

Harry Binman and his uncle Harry Feine returned on the *SS Homeric* from Southampton, England. Note Harry Binman's address was the Guy Jewelry store at 522 Saint Germain Street in St. Cloud.

Form 500
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION SERVICE

Record on this blank United States citizens and citizens of insular possessions of the United States arriving at a port of continental United States from a foreign port or a port of the insular possessions of the United States, and such citizens arriving at a port of said insular possessions from a foreign port, a port of continental United States, or a port of another insular possession.

Number **1**

LIST OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS
FOR THE IMMIGRATION AUTHORITY

67

S. S. **Homeric** sailing from **Southampton**, **England**, **1922**, Arriving at Port of **New York**, **November 9th**, **1922**.

No. on List	NAME IN FULL		AGE	SEX	IF NATIVE OF UNITED STATES INSULAR POSSESSIONS OR IF NATIVE OF UNITED STATES, GIVE DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH (GIVE TOWN AND STATE)	IF NATURALIZED, GIVE NAME AND LOCATION OF COURT WHICH GRANTED NATURALIZATION PAPERS, AND DATE OF PAPERS	ADDRESS IN UNITED STATES
	Family Name	Given Name					
1	Lee	Robert	20	M	Decker Co., Minn. 26th March 1900.		St. J. Station, Minn.
2	Marble	Richard Lewis	20	M		Capt. at 914 10th St., Denver Co., Colorado, Minn.	877 2nd Street, Des Moines, Iowa
3	Meier	William	23	M		Department of Agriculture, Wash. D. C.	200 West 11th Street, Erie, Pa.
4	Orsig	Edna F.	21	F	Fort Erie, Ind. 1900, Buffalo, N.Y.		Jackson, N.Y.
5	Overhall	Thomas	45	M		October 21st 1910, District of Columbia, Wash. D. C.	126 Bedford Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.
7	Feine	Harry	61	M		Old Court, Newburgh, Iowa 1904.	Newington, Iowa
8	Binman	Harry H.	33	M		Court Court, St. Cloud, Minn. August 1914. Columbia, Georgia	122 North Central Street, St. Cloud, Minn.
9	Kozra	Alexander	20	M		Rolland, Ver. 6th July 1904.	222 East 7th Street, New York, N.Y.
10	Kozra	Vera	17	F		BY MARRIAGE.	222 East 7th Street, New York, N.Y.
11	Kozra	Alexander	9	M	New York City. 24th May 1920.		222 East 7th Street, New York, N.Y.
12	Kozra	Joseph	16	M		2nd November 1918. Camp Lee, Virginia, Court, Va.	222 East 7th Street, New York, N.Y.
13	Kozra	Marie	15	F			
14	Kozra	Marie	15	F			
15	Kozra	Marie	15	F			
16	Taka	Nicola	20	M		No. 31st 10th Ave. West, New York, N.Y.	606, Cleveland Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
17	Taka	Barbara	20	F		No. 31st 10th Ave. West, New York, N.Y.	606, Cleveland Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
18	Bookala	John W.	20	M		Court Court, Ingham Co., Mich. 1st 1907.	417, Cleveland Ave., Independence, Mich.
19	Shook	Julius V.	20	M		Register 1927, City of New York, N.Y.	63, Duane Ave., Jersey City, N.J.
20	Delavite	Ray	21	M		No. 4th 10th, Clarkburg, Va.	St. Vernon, Ohio.
21	Delavite	Edna	21	F		BY MARRIAGE.	St. Vernon, Ohio.
22	Delavite	Ray	26	M	Clarkburg, Va. 1st March 1900.	No. 4th 10th, Clarkburg, Va.	St. Vernon, Ohio.
23	Delavite	Edna	21	F	Salas, Va. 1st August 1900.	No. 4th 10th, Clarkburg, Va.	St. Vernon, Ohio.
24	Gillard	Joseph	20	M		No. 27th 10th, Dist. of Columbia, D.C.	Olney, Illinois
25	Gillard	Marj	20	F		No. 27th 10th, Dist. of Columbia, D.C.	Olney, Illinois
26	Pomering	Francis	20	M		Court Court, New York, June 1919.	606 West 121st Street, New York, N.Y.
27	Rice	William Jackson	20	M	April 6th 1907, Ohio Springs, Tenn.		Memphis, Tenn.
28	Rice	Janie Stella	17	F	February 11th 1900, Oakland Calif.		Memphis, Tenn.
29	Blunt	Robert	27	M		4th 10th Field Mass. Kansas City. 1910	42 E 2nd St. New York, N.Y.

Sheet 1 Line 4: Kozra Josef. Not on board.
Sheet 1 Line 12: Kozra Annie. Not on board.
Sheet 1 Line 16: Kozra Edna. Not on board.
Sheet 1 Line 18: Kozra John. Not on board.

40

IMPORTANT NOTICE—1. Great care should be taken not to place on this list the name of any passenger who was not born in the United States or who has not taken out final naturalization papers.
2. Where one or more members of a family are aliens, the names of all such members should be recorded upon the alien manifest. Suitable notation may be made upon such manifest opposite the names of those members who claim citizenship.
3. Failure to observe the terms of this notice may result in delay to passengers at the port of arrival.
4. List on this form only United States citizens or citizens of an insular possession of the United States.

1923 NEW YORK PASSENGER RECORD HARRY BINMAN

Based on this book United States citizens and citizens of the United States arriving at a port of continental United States from a foreign port, or a part of the territory possessions of the United States, and each citizen arriving at a port of continental United States from a foreign port, a part of the territory possessions of the United States, or a part of another territory possession.

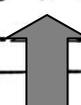
LIST OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS

FOR THE IMMIGRATION AUTHORITY

8.8. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ sailing from 307 N. 3rd St 5th day month 1923 Arriving at Port of San Juan 19th day month 1923 343 04400-0-1023. -- 19 197

No. on List	Family Name	Given Name	Sex	Age	17 IF NATIVE OF UNITED STATES OR PLACE OF BIRTH (CITY OR TOWN AND STATE)	18 IF NATURALIZED, GIVE NAME AND LOCATION OF COURT WHERE NEEDED NATURALIZATION PAPERS, AND DATE OF PAPERS	ADDRESS IN UNITED STATES
1	BACHTLANT	YALDO STEWART	M	20	✓ Admitted 2/10/23 331700 Hughes		2211 1/2 St. N. W. Wash. D.C.
2	FORLINO	WILFRED TERESA	F	17	✓ U.S.C. 8/7/1906 331700 Hughes		U.S.C. 8/7/1906. 412-19, Ave West. Washington, D.C.
3	FORLINO	JULIETTE	F	20	✓ U.S.C. 10/4/05 331700 Hughes		as above.
4	COOLE	Isaac	M	40	✓ M	Sup. Court New York, 1896.	40 Church St. New York, N.Y.
5	KOLCHUKY	Armen	M	60	✓ M	Supreme Court New York, 1892.	Glensville, School Street, New York.
6	LEWIS	Simon	M	60	✓ M	Washington Superior Court	180 N. 8th St. Hollist. Mich.
7	CLARK	Bertie	F	31	✓ F	Western District of D.C. Green 119, 14/6/1910	White Earth, Minn. U.S.A.
8	BENNETT	Earl E. Roman	M	35	✓ M	102401 Hughes	180 S. Jefferson St. New Hampton, Io
9	DEWEE	Alfred	M	30	✓ M	Brussels 146 Hughes	1401 10th Ave. East Moline, Ill.
10	DAWLEY	Pierre	M	60	✓ M	279999 Hughes	200 S. 10th Ave. East Moline, Ill.
11	DAWLEY	Ann	F	56	✓ F		200 S. 10th Ave. East Moline, Ill.
12	COOPER	Morris	M	34	✓ M	241410 Hughes	As above, by marriage 29th October 1921
13	ANDERSON	Aina	F	64	✓ F	232335 Hughes	City Court, Pittsburgh, 27th Jan. 1923.
14	ANDERSON	Yaker	M	14	✓ M		By marriage. 24th Jan. 1923. 525 3rd St. Knoxville, Ill.

Date of Arrival: October 5, 1923
 Residence: New Hampton
 Ship of Travel: SS Mauretania
 Port of Departure: Southampton
 Record Line: 8



HARRY BINMAN'S THIRD PASSPORT APPLICATION APRIL 1924

His residence was now 20 Summit Ave., St. Paul, Minnesota. His occupation was *lumber agent*. This was also the business of Rose's uncle Sholom Jossel Schein in Estonia. Harry's intended itinerary included the British Isles, Denmark, Sweden, Estonia, Latvia, Russia and France. His purpose for going abroad was *travel and business*. Harry also had an important reason for traveling – to retrieve his wife Rose. They returned together to Minnesota. August 23, 1924.

✓ 400823

The original and each copy of an application for a passport must have attached to it a copy of the applicant's photograph. A loose signed photograph of the applicant must accompany the application. The photographs must be on this paper, should have a light background, and be not over three inches in size.

49-This blank must be completely filled out. The legal fee of nine dollars in currency or postal money order, and the applicant's certificate of naturalization must accompany the application. The right should be carefully read before mailing the application to the Department of State, Division of Passport Control, Washington, D. C.

[FORM FOR NATURALIZED CITIZEN.]

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
PASS PORT
APR 25 1924
ISSUED
WASHINGTON

The total cost of a passport is \$10.00. It is unnecessary to pay any other fee to any person in connection with the filing out or execution of this application or in obtaining the passport. The clerk of court or Passport Agent before whom this application is executed will give the applicant all necessary information and guidance.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
STATE OF Minnesota ss:
COUNTY OF Ramsey
I, Harry Herman Binman, a NATURALIZED AND LOYAL CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, hereby apply to the Department of State, at Washington, for a passport.

I solemnly swear that I was born at Pernau, Russia, now Esthonia on November 23rd, 1888; that my father, Moses Binman, was born in Russia and is now deceased; that I emigrated to the United States, sailing from Riga, Russia about November 1, 1909; that I resided 15 years, uninterruptedly, in the United States, from 1909 to 1924 at Minneapolis, Minnesota; that I was naturalized as a citizen of the United States before the District Court of Hennepin County at Minneapolis, Minnesota on April, 1919, as shown by the Certificate of Naturalization presented herewith; that I am the IDENTICAL PERSON described in said Certificate; that I have resided outside the United States ~~for a period of more than one year during the following periods:~~

from - - - to - - -
from - - - to - - -
and that I am domiciled in the United States, my permanent residence being at St. Paul, in the State of Minnesota, where I follow the occupation of Lumber Agent. My last passport was obtained from Department of State, on June 1st, 1922, and ~~was~~ is herewith enclosed. I am about to go abroad temporarily, and intend to return to the United States within 1 year with the purpose of residing and performing the duties of citizenship therein; and I desire a passport for use in visiting the countries hereinafter named for the following purpose:

British Isles, Denmark, Sweden, Germany, Estonia, Latvia, Russia, France travel and business

I intend to leave the United States from the port of New York sailing on board the "Aquitania" on May 7th, 1924.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE
Further, I do solemnly swear that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; and that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion: So help me God.

Harry Herman Binman
Sworn to before me this 7th day of April, 1924.
Joel M. Dickey, Clerk of the U.S. District Court at St. Paul, Minnesota.
By Harold A. Kullback Deputy Clerk.

for aff
Encl. 2:15 B
182601
encl. 2:15 B

DESCRIPTION OF APPLICANT.

Age: 35 years. Mouth: normal
 Stature: 5 feet, 6 inches, Eng. Chin: normal
 Forehead: NORMAL Hair: dark
 Eyes: brown Complexion: fair
 Nose: normal Face: round
 Distinguishing marks birth mark on face.

IDENTIFICATION.

In lieu of identifying witness I submit passport #182601 issued to me June 1st, 1922.

I, _____, solemnly swear that I am a { native / naturalized } citizen of the United States; that I reside at _____; that I have known the above-named _____ personally for _____ years and know { him / her } to be the identical person referred to in the within-described certificate of naturalization; and that the facts stated in { his / her } affidavit are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

No lawyer or other person will be accepted as witness to a passport application if he has received or expects to receive a fee for his services in connection with the execution of the application or obtaining the passport.

(Occupation.)

(Address of witness.)

Sworn to before me this _____ day
 of _____, 19____

[SEAL.]

Clerk of the _____ Court at _____

Applicant desires passport to be sent to the following address:

Harry Herman Bismar,
20 Summit Ave.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

A signed duplicate of the photograph to be attached hereto must be sent to the Department with the application, to be affixed to the passport with an impression of the Department's seal.



ROSE SCHEIN BINMAN COMES TO UNITED STATES

NEW YORK PASSENGER RECORD HARRY AND ROSA [sic]

Form 502
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
IMMIGRATION SERVICE

Record on this blank United States citizens and citizens of insular possessions of the United States arriving at a port of continental United States from a foreign port or a port of the insular possessions of the United States, and such citizens arriving at a port of said insular possessions from a foreign port, a port of continental United States, or a port of another insular possession.

Number
122

LIST OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS

(FOR THE IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES)

S. S. FRANCE sailing from LE HAVRE August 16th 1924. Arriving at Port of NEW YORK August 23rd 1924.

No. of List	NAME IN FULL	Age	Sex	1. NATIVE OR UNITED STATES INSULAR POSSESSION OR PLACE OF BIRTH (CITY, COUNTY AND STATE)	2. NATURALIZED (GIVE NAME AND DATE OF COURT AND DATE OF PATENT)	ADDRESS IN UNITED STATES
1	<i>tl</i> GERSH	40	M		Bridgeport April 19th 1918 Passport 42880	Bridgeport Conn.
2	"	36	F		By marriage Passport 42880	"
3	Joseph	9	M	Bridgeport Conn. March 6th 1918 Passport 42880		"
4	Maria	4	F	" April 20th 1920		"
5	AFERSON	61	M		Court of Common Pleas 2nd 1890	424-47th St at Brooklyn N.Y.
6	ANLOVAR	30	F		By marriage at Cleveland Ohio Mar 14 1911	920 E 166th St at Cleveland Ohio
7	ATYR	32	M		City of N.Y. by special term of the Supreme Court August 21st 1910 Passport 24182	40 Lefferts St. San Francisco Ca
8	BARRINGTON	25	M	Pittsburgh Pa. November 11th 1899		246 W 16th St at New-York City
9	BARKER	37	M	Philadelphia Pa. 6-6-87 Passport 390244		1616 N 10th St at Philadelphia Pa.
10	BINMAN	34	M		Connecticut Court, Wm. Sumner 1919 Passport 400823	New Hampton Iowa
11	"	28	F		By marriage 15 August 1922 Reval Estonia Passport 400823	"
12	BROWN	26	F	Providence (N.I.) December 3rd 1898 Passport 229331		27 Sumner St at Dorchester-Mass
13	BUYERE	40	F		Court of Providence September 16th 1918 Passport 386227	147 Harrison Ave at Woonsocket R.I.
14	"	44	M		" 286229	"
15	BIONDI	39	M		Indiana, Ia. Passport 391663	121 Hickory Butler Pa.
16	"	39	F		"	Same Address
17	"	9	F	Creekside Pa. July 1916		"
18	BOFINO	24	M		By marriage May 30th 1919 Passport issued May 10th 24 at Washington 415925	88 Charter Oct St at Manchester Conn
19	Josephine	2	F	So Manchester Conn. July 22nd 1922 Passport 415925		"
20	BACHER	45	F	Winton Iowa 1888		1621 Kensington-Rouston, Texas
21	BRICK HOUSE	51	F	Norfolk, Va. Feb. 8, 1872 Passport 404285		1033 Princess Alice Rd at Norfolk
22	BRASH <i>BYAUN</i>	37	M		Court of New-York N.Y. June 14th 1923 Passport issued June 12th 1923	178 West 6th St at Oswego N.Y.
23	BRUCKER	51	M	Pittsburgh Pa. July 10th 1914 Passport 422078		By marriage 5th Mary Church at Lelyth 186.
24	BARBACINI	34	M		Supreme Court of New-York Nov. 26 1918 Passport 27212	221 W 34th St at New-York City
25	BORLEN	19	F	So Braintree Mass. October 19th 1904		99 Franklin St South Braintree
26	BOHAPPOUX	54	M		Court of New-York in 1896 Passport 192404	146 East 45th St at New-York
27	"	55	F		By marriage	"
28	"	16	M	New-York, November 16 1909		"
29	BOONTOS	38	M		Supreme Court of New-York Jan 20th 1920 Passport 288448	319 Lenox Avenue at New-York
30	DADE	34	M	Arlington Va. Feb. 16 1888 Passport 445342		1900 0th St at Washington D.O.

CLOSED AT NUMBER THIRTY

(30)

Date of Arrival:
Residence:
Marital Status:

August 23, 1924
New Hampton, Iowa
Married in Reval (Tallinn), Estonia August 15, 1922. Rose is a citizen *by marriage* under naturalization laws in effect prior to passage of the Cable Act. The date they were married was critical. They were married one month before the Act changed how an alien spouse became naturalized.

Ship of Travel:
Port of Departure:
Records:

SS France
Le Havre, France
Line numbers 10 and 11

HARRY BINMAN'S APRIL 25, 1924 PASSPORT



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

I, the undersigned, Secretary of State of the United States of America, hereby request all whom it may concern to permit

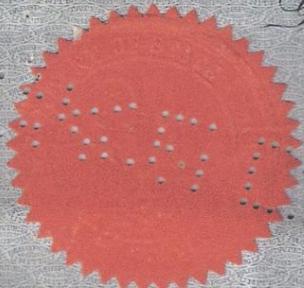
Harry Herman Binman
a citizen of the United States, safely and freely to pass, and, in case of need to give him all lawful Aid and Protection.

This passport is valid for use only in the following countries and for objects specified, unless amended.

All Countries Business and Travel

The bearer is accompanied by _____

Given under my hand and the seal of the Department of State at the City of Washington the 25th day of April in the year 1924 and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-eighth.



Charles E. Hughes

PERSONAL DESCRIPTION.

Age 36 years Mouth medium
Height 5 ft. 6 in. Chin strong
Forehead medium Hair dark
Eyes brown Complexion fair
Nose medium beard
Distinguishing marks Birthmark on face
Place of Birth Russia now Lithuania
Date of Birth Nov. 23, 1888
Occupation Business Agent

This is to certify that the attached photograph bears the signature and is a likeness of the person to whom this passport is issued. The seal of the Department of State is impressed upon the photograph.



PHOTOGRAPH OF BEARER

Harry Herman Binman

SIGNATURE OF BEARER

No. 400823

CABLE ACT

On September 22, 1922, just one month after Harry and Rose were married, the United States Congress passed the *Married Women's Independent Nationality Act*, also known as the Cable Act. This Law gave each woman a nationality status of her own, entirely independent of her husband.

Prior to the Cable Act, women and children automatically became United States citizens when the husband or father was naturalized. A foreign-born woman also became a citizen if she married a United States citizen. Conversely, if a United States citizen married an alien, then she would lose her citizenship.

The Cable Act reversed another former immigration law regarding marriage. Previously, a woman lost her United States citizenship if she married a foreign man, since she assumed the citizenship of her husband. And this did not apply to men who married foreign women.

After the Cable Act was enacted, women were required to naturalize on the same terms as men. The only difference concerned those women whose husbands had already naturalized. If her husband was a citizen, the wife did not need to file a declaration of intention. She could initiate naturalization proceedings with a petition alone (*one-paper naturalization*). A woman whose husband was an alien had to start at the beginning, with a declaration of intention.

Former immigration laws prior to 1922 did not make reference to the alien husband's race. Unfortunately, The Cable Act of 1922 guaranteed independent female citizenship only to women who were married to aliens eligible to naturalization. At the time of the law's passage, Asian aliens were not considered to be racially eligible for United States citizenship. As such, the Cable Act only partially reversed previous policies, granting independent female citizenship only to women who married non-Asians. The Cable Act effectively revoked the United States citizenship of any woman who married an Asian alien. The Cable Act was amended in 1931, allowing females to retain their citizenship, even after marrying aliens ineligible for United States citizenship.

The Cable Act had additional limitations. A woman could keep her United States citizenship if she stayed within the United States. But if she married a foreigner and lived on foreign soil for as much as two years, she could still lose her right to American nationality.

Wives could travel on their husband's passport, even if traveling alone, as Rose did with Donald in June 1929. Wives may have also carried proof of their marriage ensure that there would no problem crossing borders or reentering the United States. Although Rose could have used Harry's passport, but it is more likely that she had her own. Since she was a United States citizen by marriage, she would have been able to do so. Passports from this period were typically good for only a year or two at a time, so Rose would not have been travelling on a passport issued before 1927, and probably not until 1929. The National Archives keeps passport records up to 1925. For those passports issued after 1925, you must contact the Department of State to request a search. In 2011, the fee is \$60.00.

In 1936, the Cable Act was repealed.

HARRY BINMAN
BIG SAVINGS
 ON
DIAMONDS • JEWELRY

HAMILTON AUTHORIZED
 SALES • SERVICE

326 HAMM BLDG. (3rd Floor)
 224-6575

Open Evenings Until Christmas

Harry Binman

Binmans were jewelers. According to several St. Paul annual City Directories, their business was listed as in different versions of the jewelry business – *wholesale jeweler*, *manufacturing jeweler* and *retail jeweler*.

JUNE 1929 ROSE AND HER NEW SON DONALD VISIT ESTONIA

Record on this blank United States citizens and citizens of insular possessions of the United States arriving at a port of continental United States from a foreign port or a port of the insular possessions of the United States, and such citizens arriving at a port of said insular possessions from a foreign port, a port of continental United States, or a port of another insular possession.

LIST OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS
(FOR THE IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES)

Number 2
E 119

S. S. AQUITANIA sailing from CHERBOURG, 6th June, 1929, Arriving at Port of NEW YORK 14th. June, 1929

No. on List	NAME IN FULL		AGE	Sex	IF NATIVE OF UNITED STATES (GIVE PLACE AND DATE OF BIRTH)	IF NATURALIZED (GIVE NAME AND LOCATION OF COURT WHICH ISSUED NATURALIZATION PAPER, AND DATE OF PAPER)	ADDRESS IN UNITED STATES
	Family Name	Given Name					
1	AYERS	Charles	45	M	Vermont Bennington 5.7.1883	PP 552659 Kellogg by marriage	208 School Street Bennington Vt
2	BINMAN	Rose	29	F	St. Paul Minn 14th. Aug. 1927		By J. Binman 605 Ayon Bldg. St. Paul Minn
3	BINMAN	Donald	2	M	St. Paul Minn 14th. Aug. 1927		--do--
4	CHALK	Bennett	43	M		pp36077 Kellogg 1920 New York court	580 6th ave N.York N.Y.
5	CHINA	Cara	26	F	Ohio Middleport 5.10. 1893		767 Clinton spring in Cincinnati 544 10th. St., Calmont Pa.
6	HUMBURGER	Alfred	42	M		PP 41065 Kellogg Naturalized Circuit Ct. Penn 1914	
7	HUMBURGER	Henry	40	M		July 1911 Supreme Court of Penn Pa	116 W. 116th St. New York City N.Y.
8	KARLITZ	Abraham	42	M		PP578437 Kellogg 1868 Essex county PP50519 Kellogg 4.1.1922 Supreme court of New York PP519765 Kellogg American Ketcher county 9.1.1926	20 Columbia park New York City N.Y.
9	LAWRENCE	John	41	M			180 Wilson str. Brooklyn N.Y.
10	MACLEOD	John	29	M			554 Hudson str. Trenton N.J.
11	RAUSEY	Betha	38	F	New Castle Pa. Dec. 6th. 1890		Mother: Mrs Urvile Gordon 402 Connecticut ave Rochester Pa
12	ROBIS	Anne	69	F	1880 Philadelphia Pa 27th. April		20 10th str Philadelphia Pa
13	ROSEN	Abraham	34	M	1895 Brooklyn New York Feb. 12th		480 Eastern Parkway Brooklyn N.Y.
14	ROSE	Sadya	23	F	7.9.1906 New York		--do--
15	ROSHETTI	Henry	46	M	17.2.1883 Guadalupe Calif.		returning home: 310 Poplar Ave., Redwood City Cal.
16	SPROCKSKY	Miriam	26	F	Ohio Cleve land 15.6.1902		161 Central park west New York N.Y.
17	SPARKS	Jan	43	F	Maryland Baltimore 6.11.1888		Western Pennsylvania
18	TURNBULL	Eleanor	54	F	Maryland Baltimore 1875		o/o Mrs Bayard Turnbull - 328 N. Charles str. Baltimore Md.
19	WATZ	Marie	38	F	6.2.1890 Highland Ill.	PP 629615 Kellogg	228 E. 36th str Fortlam Oreg.
20	WYSON	Basel	38	M	27.1.1892	16.1.1926 Detroit Mich.	22140 Woodward ave Ferndale Mich
21	BUCKINGHAM	Mary	67	F	Brighton Mass 27.1.1862		96 Chestnut str. Boston Mass
22	CHEBARDY	George	22	M	Indepndence 11.1.1907		Indepndence Pa.
23	DANIELSON	Kewark	39	M		PP513133 Kellogg 24.6.1918 District U.S. Camp Devons PP 420976 Kellogg	36 Marble Hill ave N.York N.Y.
24	DE GRASSI	Rosco	35	M		Supreme court Brooklyn 12.6.1926 PP586237 Kellogg	94-98th str. Corona L.I.
25	HAUSMAN	George	40	M		1871 Father Newark N.Y.	31 Waldo ave Bloomfield N.Y.
26	LEUTERPERT	Loos	41	M			
27	RAMER	Emil	45	M		New York District Ct., 1911 Kellogg PP 17302 Kellogg	28 E. 70th str. New York City N.Y.
28	RAUSMAN	Sara	38	F		PP63000 Kellogg 1926 District court of Saredo Tex.	Laredo Tex. Saredo Tex.
29	PIRESHERO	Isao	39	M		PP475523 Kellogg Brooklyn 1925	125 W. 28th New York City N.Y.
30	JOHNS	Elizabeth	45	F	Baltimore Md. Nov. 8th. 1885		Westtown Farm House Westtown. Penn

Line 7, 17, respectively Hirachson Henry, and Sparks Jan. - Not on board
Line 26 Leuterperht Loos duplicated see line 9

Rose
Donald

Rose visited Estonia to show her new son to their relatives. Note that Rose's son was now using a name different from that written on his St. Paul birth certificate.

Date of Arrival: June 14, 1929
 Residence: 605 Rayon Building St. Paul (address of the Binman jewelry business)
 Ship of Travel: SS Aquitania
 Port of Departure: Cherbourg, France